

Exploring the Characteristics and Significance of the New Rural Landscape in Urban and Rural Construction

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Abstract: With the continuous development of China's economy, the process of urbanization has also accelerated, and the combination of urban and rural areas has brought about a new form of rural areas. Traditional rural planning and urban scenes have been unable to keep up with the times of the times and cannot meet the expectations of farmers for a better life. Therefore, it is extremely important to make reasonable planning for rural landscapes. However, in the planning and design of new rural areas in China, the involved personnel often neglect the planning part of the rural landscape, how to rationally plan the overall landscape of the new rural areas, achieve the healthy and coordinated development of urban and rural ecology, and achieve a truly sustainable rural living environment. As a problem that needs to be solved urgently, this paper will briefly analyze the characteristics and significance of landscape planning in the process of new rural construction.

1. Introduction

The development of rural areas in China is a foundation for the overall social development. As a large agricultural country, for the construction and development of rural areas, we should not only focus on the construction of its economic level, but also pay attention to the overall humanistic construction and landscape construction of the rural areas [1]. Nowadays, the process of urbanization is constantly impacting the traditional rural culture. In the process of carrying out rural construction work, relevant personnel must actively change their minds and make rural areas under the premise of inheriting traditional good genes. Landscape construction is characterized by the times and sustainable development [2].

2. The Characteristics of Rural Landscape

The rural landscape construction planning is different from the urban construction planning, because in the rural landscape planning, not only the topographical factors and corresponding building factors, but also the vegetation and landforms in the village are taken into consideration. For the construction of new rural landscapes, it is necessary to protect the natural landscape in the countryside as the most basic premise [3]. On this basis, a reasonable and scientific plan for the rural landscape is carried out. In the village, each natural village has its own landscape and overall characteristics, but because the population density in rural areas is relatively small compared to the city, and the natural landscape features do not fully play the overall landscape construction in the village. Advantages, therefore, in order to carry out a reasonable construction of the landscape formed by the original natural village, it is necessary to combine traditional and modern, and to achieve the modernization of the new environmental plan under the premise of respecting the natural features of the village to the greatest extent. The concept makes the village a beautiful scene with a beautiful environment and a civilized culture [4].

In order to construct the rural landscape, it is necessary to form a complete landscape entity with all the grass and trees in the mountain village and the landscape and cultural landscape formed by the rural settlements. It is impossible to study a certain part separately, and to construct the landscape according to each part. This one-sided method makes the landscape of the whole village lack the overall beauty in the process of rural construction. Therefore, it is necessary to combine the whole and the parts of the whole. Perfectly combined, comprehensive consideration of various

factors, as far as possible in the construction of the landscape to reduce the destruction of human factors, fully enhance the cultural atmosphere of the village itself, only in the rural landscape environment construction, can form unique characteristics a scene. In addition, in the process of design, the local environmental conditions and economic characteristics of the village should be fully considered, and the future development plan of the whole village should be fully considered. Only in this way can the planning of the village be effectively integrated with the development prospects of the village.

3. The Significance of the New Rural Landscape Construction

(1) The significance of carrying out landscape construction

China is a big agricultural country, and farmers account for the majority of the country's total population. For rural farmers, their life and labor are mainly maintained by agricultural production. Therefore, in the process of transforming their landscape, It is necessary to maintain the original ecological features and coexist with nature in order to achieve the best rural productive landscape construction. The new era will make a reasonable transformation of the rural landscape, which can combine the development of the rural area and the environmental factors to the greatest extent, and form a harmonious development of the new rural areas.

(2) Construction of human landscape in rural areas

The human landscape in the countryside includes the characteristics of the cultural inheritance in the rural development process, and the characteristics of the landscape that the rural people have left in the material and spiritual aspects of the natural landscape. A good design of the landscape in this area, combined with the display of unique agricultural products in the new countryside, including the characteristics of farmland, the layout of the streets in the countryside, etc., a series of cultural atmosphere to make a reasonable setting for the development of the countryside, To a large extent, it reflects the development history of the rural areas and the corresponding living conditions. It is an expression of the past for the rural residents.

(3) Natural landscape in the countryside

In the new historical period, the construction of the countryside should be fully integrated with its natural landscape. The natural landscape in the countryside usually contains the geomorphological features of the rural area and the characteristics of climate and hydrology. Because the natural environment of the countryside is more prominent, the characteristics of the flora and fauna and its natural originality should also be combined in the landscape construction. Structure, to ensure mutual interaction and interaction, to achieve a harmonious and beautiful overall construction. The construction of a good natural landscape can reflect the geographical characteristics of the rural area, and can reflect the rich diversity of the natural environment to the greatest extent, so that the farmland in the countryside includes the original forest, the river and other natural landscapes can follow the four seasons. The alternation presents a more colorful appearance, which not only protects the natural features of the countryside, but also achieves faster development.

(4) Planting landscape in rural areas

Since the main source of life for farmers is to rely on the production of agricultural products to maintain a normal life, in the landscape construction of mountain villages, we must ensure the integrity of agriculture and planting, planning and designing the planting landscape and related In the process of design, the farmland must be protected from infringement, and the cultivation area in the village is seriously reduced due to artificial design. The method of landscape design based on local conditions can not only increase the area of green plants and green vegetation in the countryside. On the basis of this type, it is also possible to design crops that are both ornamental and can guarantee the rising level of the rural economy. For example, in the process of construction, the parks for designing fruit trees, vegetables and fruits can be picked up by the residents of the city to pay for the village. The good planning and design can bring a good living environment for the villagers and increase their economic benefits.

(5) Landscape of aquaculture in rural areas

In addition to planting, which brings good economic benefits to farmers, aquaculture is also an important part of increasing farmers' economic benefits and upgrading rural landscapes. In the economic planning of the new countryside, it is necessary to include aquaculture, animal husbandry, etc. Good new rural aquaculture landscape planning must pay attention to animals, and it can fully promote the importance of protecting animals in the process of landscape planning. Urban residents come to the countryside to return to the process of close contact between nature and animals to promote the love of nature and animals. In addition, due to the rural planning, it will definitely have a certain impact on the life of the animals in the village, and reasonable landscape planning can make reasonable placement of the breeding grounds, to the greatest extent avoid animal life. Human interference. For example, in the design process, guardrails can be installed on both sides of the road to isolate the free-range animals and the area of the woodland, so that pedestrians can walk on the road to the fullest and feel the beauty of nature and protect pedestrians. The safety of natural farming landscapes in the countryside.

4. Specific Measures for Rationally Carrying Out Landscape Design in New Rural Areas

(1) Really understand the actual situation in the local area

The main purpose of landscape construction for new rural areas is to meet the actual living conditions of farmers and, according to the different characteristics of different regions, carry out targeted design to achieve the harmonious integration of economic and ecological benefits in rural areas. Therefore, in the design of the landscape, the actual design of the design should be carried out to understand the different cultural traditions and customs of different villages, and combine these factors into the design process to ensure the inheritance of tradition. On the basis of the greatest extent, the landscape effect is more perfect. Each village has its own local customs and habits. Especially for ethnic minority villages, it is necessary to carry out the rational planning of new rural landscapes. It is necessary to respect the traditional cultural characteristics of the local areas. In the process of design, designers can take local municipal personnel. Conduct seminars to gain a deeper understanding of the local cultural situation, or to conduct some interviews with the villagers in the life, solicit opinions from the villagers, integrate these opinions into the design process, and fully respect the wishes of the local residents. To ensure the science of the entire design.

(2) Maximizing the restoration of the country's appearance

Due to the large number of green plants in the rural environment of the countryside, in the process of designing and constructing new rural landscapes, attention should be paid to the protection of green plants in the countryside and the rational use of green plants to make the countryside Landscape design is more lively. In addition, the plants originally in the village are naturally selected, and the plants with strong adaptability to local climatic conditions and environmental characteristics, and high survival rate, are also more convenient to manage, compared with the animals and plants that are transported. The good use of native plants can also greatly reduce the economic losses caused by the transport of new plants, and can greatly reduce the corresponding costs in the design process. Therefore, in the design process, it is necessary to protect the growth of such plants. Secondly, in the process of environmental planning, the protection of native plants in the countryside is also conducive to improving the environmental characteristics of the countryside, highlighting the regional characteristics of the local rural areas and realizing the unification of ecology and economy. For farmers, it can greatly increase the sense of familiarity and help farmers adapt to the new rural landscape design. Finally, effective protection of native plants can form a unique rural landscape, providing a new landscape design road with great rural characteristics for China's new rural construction.

(3) Protecting local folk culture

The rural folk customs and folk customs are the accumulation of the overall culture in the process of agricultural development for thousands of years. Different customs and customs reflect the development history of different villages in the long-term spiritual culture. Therefore, in the process of designing, it must be It is necessary to fully integrate the different cultures of different villages into one, which is an inheritance of the traditional culture of the countryside. On the one

hand, in the process of construction, more famous local people can be invited to analyze the landscapes and human landscapes with local characteristics. The relevant sculptures can be combined with the analysis results to meet the modernization of rural landscape construction. Under the premise, it fully demonstrates an inheritance of local traditional customs. On the other hand, in the process of landscape design by landscape architects, according to different village traditional cultures, different related themes can be set up, and the local architecture and road infrastructure can be fully integrated, and the construction of these facilities will be established. The theme is fully combined to maximize the integrity of the rural landscape.

5. Conclusion

The continuous development of society The human civilization is also making continuous progress. In the process of designing the landscape and design of Xinxiang rural areas, we should fully integrate ecological environment protection and rural culture to make reasonable planning. Traditional rural landscape planning has been unable to meet the needs of rural development and farmers' living needs. Therefore, timely and reasonable planning of rural landscapes can not only meet the farmers' requirements for modernized new rural areas, but also help China's new rural construction. Reasonable planning for landscape construction can promote the faster development of rural landscape construction regulations in China and promote the construction of rural areas into a new rural environment of sustainable development.

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